



- ♦ The ultraviolet flame sensor is used for the detection of fires with open flames and
- ♦ The sensor responds to the ultraviolet portion of the flame radiation mainly contained in the flame borders, in the range 185 to 235 nm (UV-C radiation)
- ♦ Well suited for detecting:

Open flames without smoke development, arcs, for example, on insulators

♦ The sensor does no respond to:

Sunlight, light bulbs, fluorescent lights, flying sparks

♦ Caution! False tripping possible with:

UV radiating light sources, e.g., halogen and mercury vapor lamps, lightning, arcs during welding work and refections of the above radiation sources

♦ Application limits:

Smoke, dust and water vapor, as well as contamination of the UV panes on the sensor absorb ultraviolet radiation and therefore negatively effect the response behavior of the sensor.

Technical data:			
Ultraviolet flame sensors UV-01	l.1		
Operating voltage	1530 VDC	Dimensions without ventilation and	Ø: 40mm
Operating current at 24V	< 120µA	without plug	l= 77 mm
Alarm current at 24VDC	45mA	Dimensions with ventilation and without	Ø: 40mm
Alarm resistor two-line technology	560Ω	plug	l= 95 mm
Alarm pulse without latching	approx. 1 s	Weight without ventilation	110g
Trigger delay	min. 100 ms	Weight with ventilation	140g
Spectral sensitivity	185235 nm		
		Sensitivity (set to 2 cm gas flame from 3	80 cm < 1 s
		mm tube, 30%prop. 70%But.)	
Viewing angle without ventilation	approx. 110°		
Viewing angle with ventilation	approx. 35°		
Connection for ventilation	0.11bar	Options:	
Temperature range	-20+60°C	potential-free relay contact, normally	0,5 A / 30 VDC
Housing safety class	IP65	closed/normally open contacts, Photo-MOS-Relay	
Special features	Detectors are equiped with special glases with outstanding oil ,water and dust repelled		
	characteristic, in m	characteristic, in most cases an air flushing is unnecessary.	

